

# Estimation of the basic density of *Eucalyptus grandis* wood chips at different moisture levels using benchtop and handheld NIR instruments

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## Abstract

This study aimed to evaluate whether moisture content affects basic density estimation, determine if portable and benchtop devices provide equivalent precision, and investigate the impact of wood anatomical planes on the spectral analysis of *Eucalyptus grandis* wood.

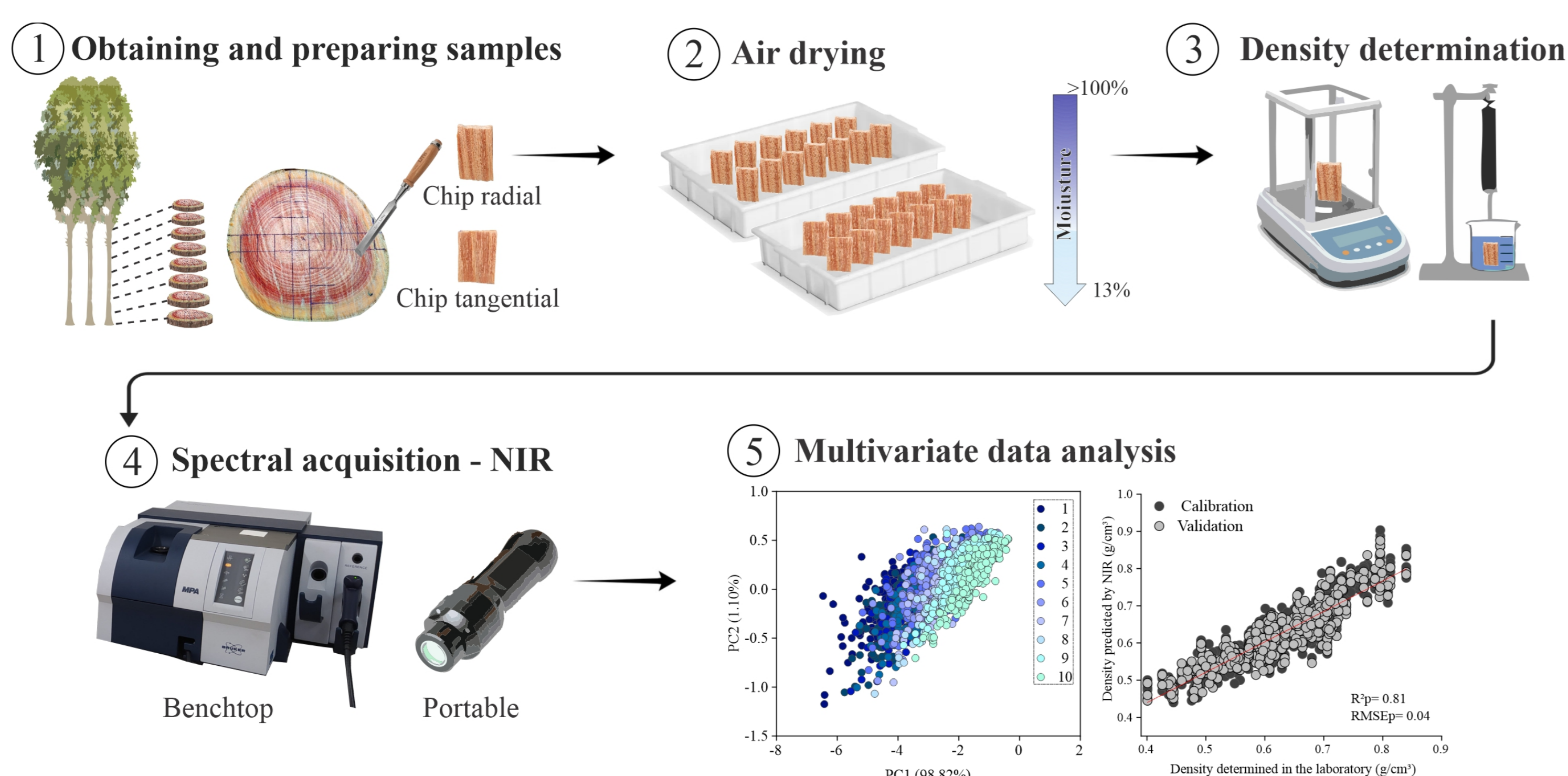


Fig. 1. Flowchart of the study stages.

## Results

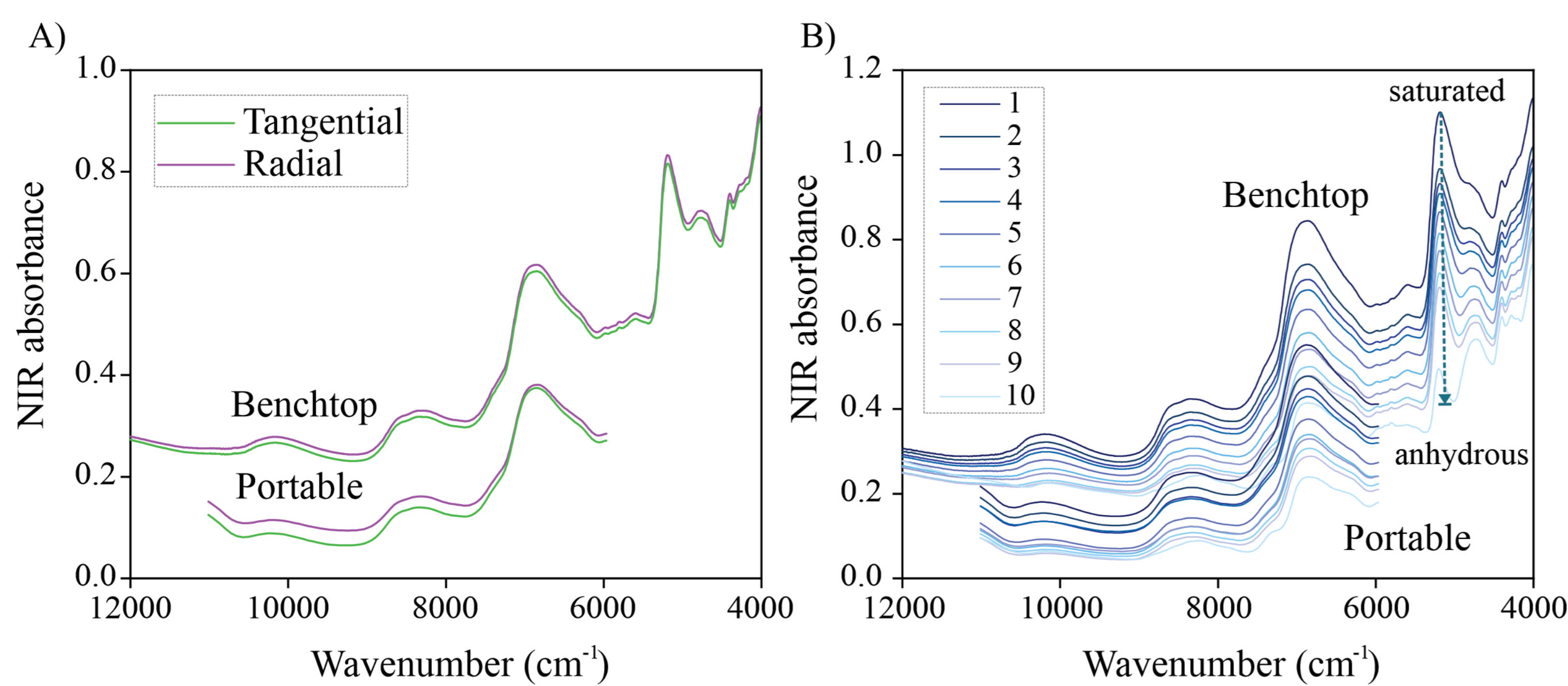


Fig. 2. Mean raw spectral signatures of the chips in different anatomical planes (Fig. 2A) and by drying stage (Fig. 2B) in *Eucalyptus grandis* wood obtained with benchtop and portable NIR instruments.

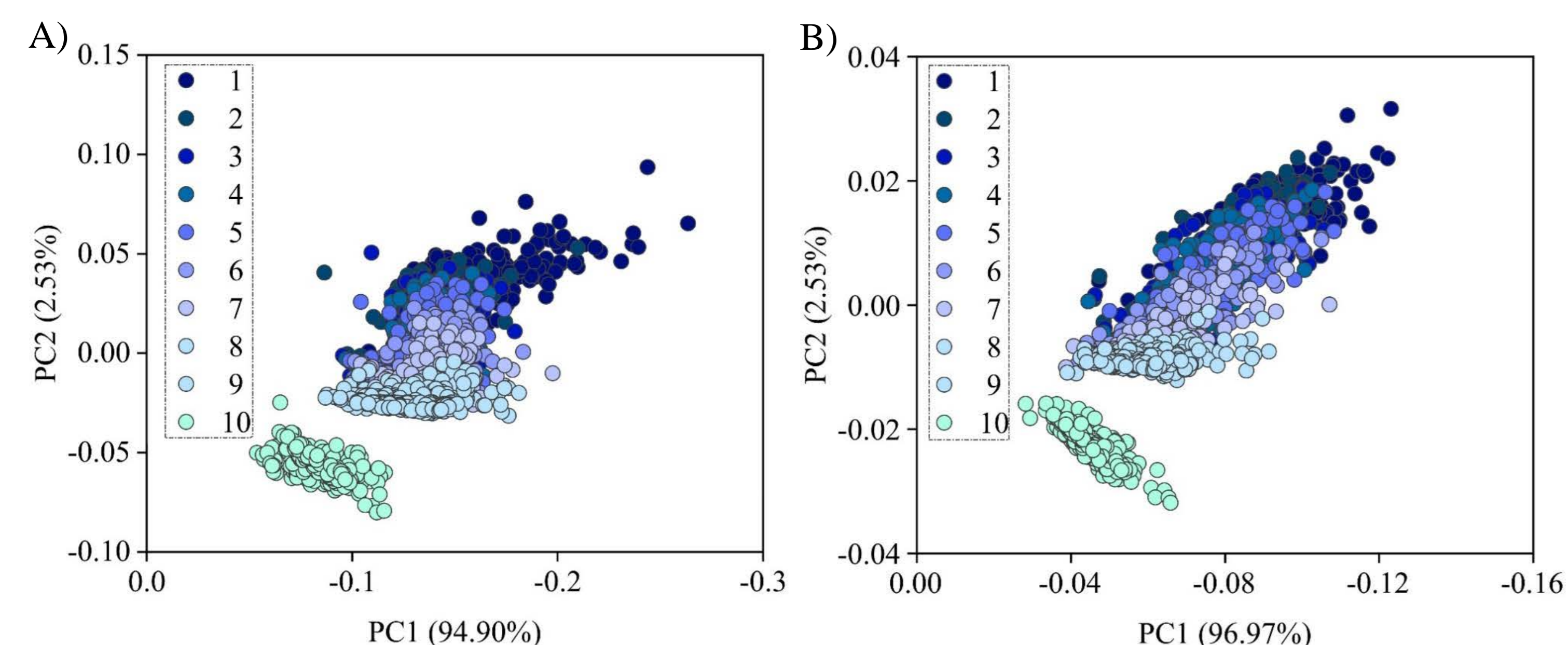


Fig. 3. PCA scores by wood drying stage for the spectra treated with the first derivative from the benchtop NIR (A) and the portable NIR instrument (B).

## Conclusion

The PLS-R models showed adequate coefficients of determination ( $R^2$  of 0.77–0.85) to predict the basic density of *Eucalyptus grandis* wood at different moisture levels, and the performances of the models were not affected by moisture content. The radial surface, with the spectra without mathematical treatment, was the most suitable for spectral collection. The instruments showed equivalent application potential.

**Table 1.** Statistical parameters of the PLS-R models to predict the basic density of *Eucalyptus grandis* wood at different moisture levels.

Instrument	Surface	Treatment	$R^2_{cv}$	RMSE <sub>cv</sub>	$R^2_p$	RMSE <sub>p</sub>	RPD <sub>cv</sub>
Benchtop	RD	untreated	0.817	0.038	0.810	0.053	2.20
		TG	0.794	0.054			
	RD	1°D	0.833	0.036	0.831	0.037	2.45
		TG	0.857	0.045			
	RD	2°D	0.798	0.040	0.813	0.038	2.33
		TG	0.831	0.049			
Portable	RD	untreated	0.797	0.040	0.833	0.048	2.44
		TG	0.796	0.054			
	RD	1°D	0.815	0.038	0.833	0.048	2.44
		TG	0.771	0.057			
	RD	2°D	0.780	0.041	0.815	0.051	2.33
		TG	0.827	0.049			
RD	SNV	0.788	0.041	0.815	0.050	2.33	
	TG	0.815	0.050				

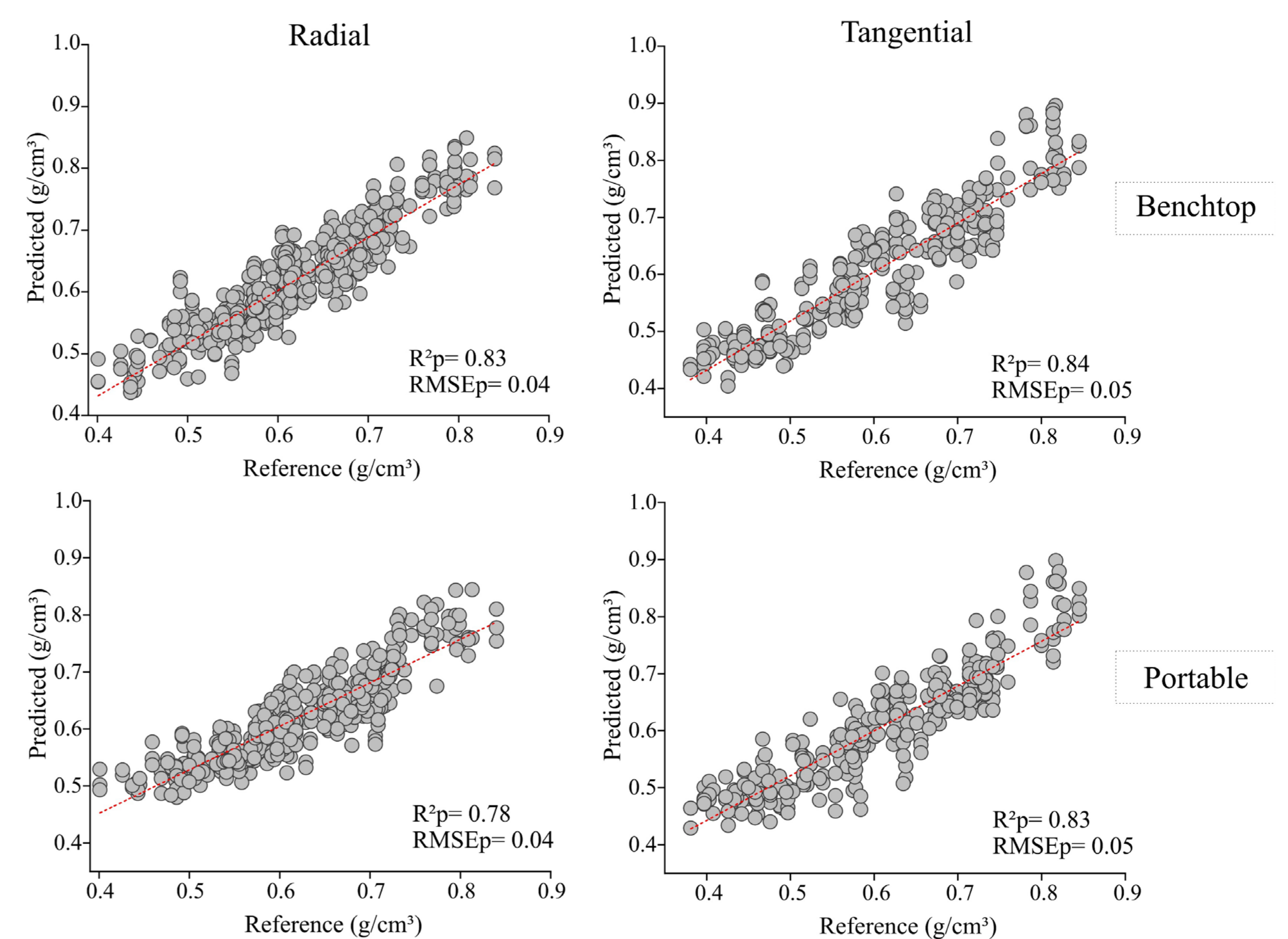


Fig. 4. Plot of the PLS-R validations treated with first derivative to predict the basic density at different moisture contents by type of instrument and wood surface.

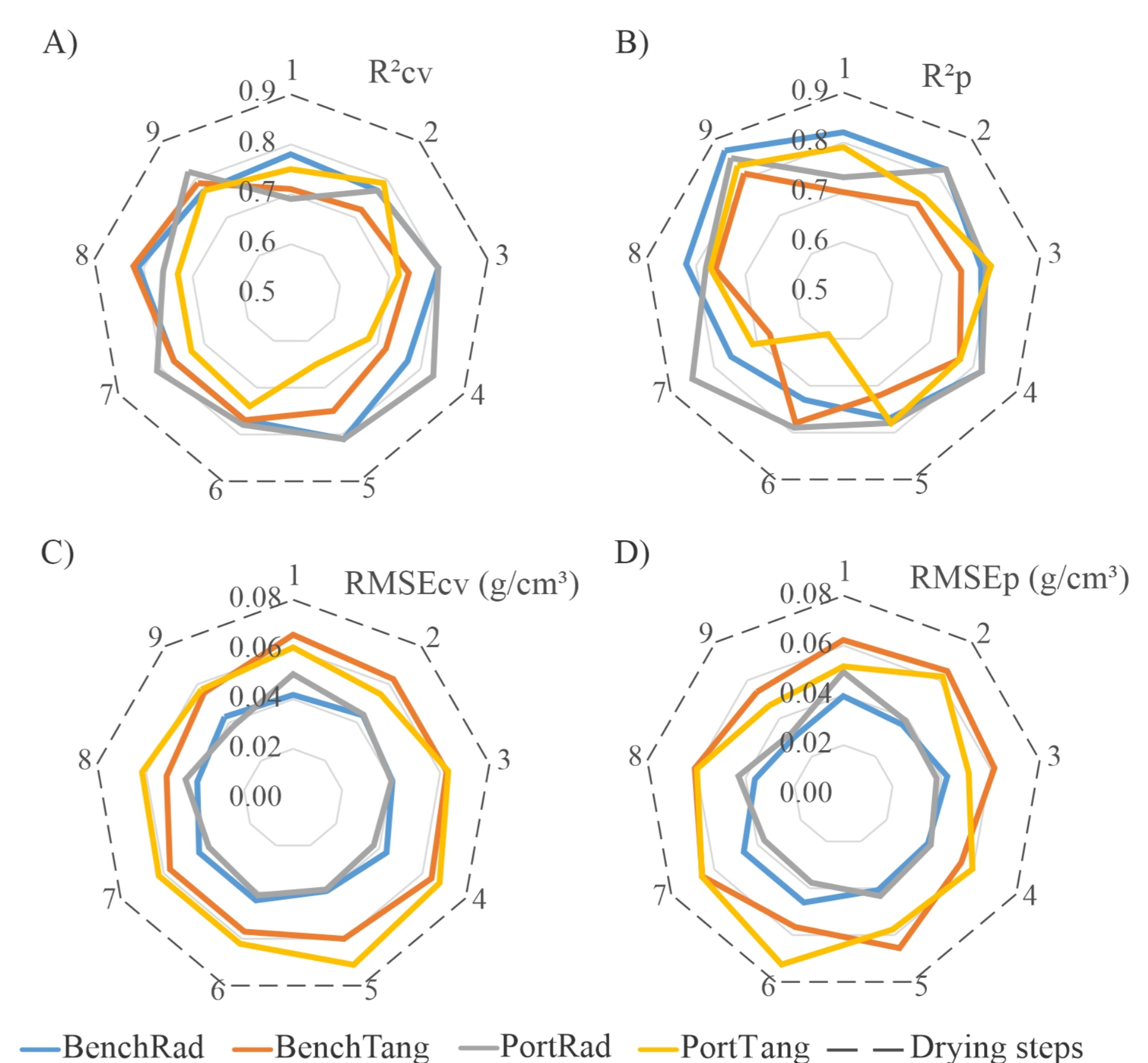


Fig. 5. Graphs of the prediction of the basic density per drying stage (stage 1 - wetter to stage 9 - drier) in different surfaces and instruments in the cross-validation (A) and in the independent validation (B) and their respective errors (C and D).